

# Comparing estimators: MSE

Suppose  $X_1, \dots, X_n | \theta$  iid  $\mathcal{U}(0, \theta]$ , i.e. uniform between 0 and  $\theta$ , for  $\theta > 0$ . We want to compare 4 estimators:

$$\hat{\theta}_1 = \bar{X}$$

$$\bar{X} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$$

$$\hat{\theta}_2 = X_{(n)}$$

Order statistics:  $X_{(1)}, \dots, X_{(n)}$

$$\hat{\theta}_3 = 2\hat{\theta}_1$$

$$\hat{\theta}_4 = \left(\frac{n+1}{n}\right) \hat{\theta}_2$$

	$\hat{\theta}_1$	$\hat{\theta}_2$	$\hat{\theta}_3$	$\hat{\theta}_4$
$E(\hat{\theta})$	$\theta/2$	$\frac{n}{n+1} \theta$	$\theta$	$\theta$
$V(\hat{\theta})$	$\theta^2/12n$	$\frac{n \theta^2}{(n+1)^2(n+2)}$	$\theta^2/3n$	$\frac{\theta^2}{n(n+2)}$

$\hat{\theta}_3$  and  $\hat{\theta}_4$  are the unbiased versions of  $\hat{\theta}_1$  and  $\hat{\theta}_2$ , respectively.

To compare the estimators we will use mean squared errors:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{MSE}(\hat{\theta}) &= E_{x|\theta} \{ (\hat{\theta} - E(\theta))^2 \} \\ &= \underbrace{V(\hat{\theta})}_{\text{variance}} + \underbrace{[E(\hat{\theta}) - \theta]^2}_{\text{Bias}} \end{aligned}$$

Obviously,  $\text{MSE}(\hat{\theta}_i) = V(\hat{\theta}_i)$  for  $i = 3, 4$

We can show that

$$\text{MSE}(\hat{\theta}_1) = \left( \frac{1+3m}{12m} \right) \theta^2$$

$$\text{MSE}(\hat{\theta}_2) = \left( \frac{2}{(m+1)(m+2)} \right) \theta^2$$

Therefore, for  $m \geq 2$

$$\text{MSE}(\hat{\theta}_4) < \text{MSE}(\hat{\theta}_2) < \text{MSE}(\hat{\theta}_3) < \text{MSE}(\hat{\theta}_1)$$

Let us explore a bit further  $\hat{\theta}_1$  and  $\hat{\theta}_2$

$\hat{\theta}_1 = \bar{X}$  is a "natural choice".

Not quite! All  $x_i$ 's are less than or equal to  $\theta$ , so most likely  $\bar{X}_n$  will be even further away!

MLE

$$\begin{aligned} P(x_1, \dots, x_m | \theta) &= \left(\frac{1}{\theta}\right)^m \mathbb{1}(x_1 \leq \theta) \times \dots \times \mathbb{1}(x_m \leq \theta) \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{\theta}\right)^m \mathbb{1}(x_{(m)} \leq \theta) \end{aligned}$$

where  $x_{(m)} = \max(x_1, \dots, x_m)$ . So,

$$L(\theta | x_1, \dots, x_m) = \frac{1}{\theta^m} \mathbb{1}(\theta \geq x_{(m)})$$

