

BAYESIAN ECONOMETRICS
SPRING 2013
TAKE HOME MIDTERM EXAM
DUE DATE: Thursday, May 2nd 2013, 9PM CST (by email)

Let us continue in the context of **homework 1** and **homework 2**, where we modeled the relationship between per capita spending (y) on public schools as a linear function of per capita income (x). The data is in the file `spending.txt` and

$$y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_i + \epsilon_i \quad \epsilon_i \sim (0, \sigma^2),$$

where we entertain three models:

$$\mathcal{M}_1: \epsilon_i \sim N(0, \sigma^2) \text{ and } \beta|\sigma^2 \sim N(b_0, \sigma^2 B_0)$$

$$\mathcal{M}_2: \epsilon_i \sim N(0, \sigma^2) \text{ and } \beta \sim N(b_0, B_0)$$

$$\mathcal{M}_3: \epsilon_i \sim t_\nu(0, \sigma^2) \text{ and } \beta|\sigma^2 \sim N(b_0, \sigma^2 B_0)$$

with $\sigma^2 \sim IG(\eta_0/2, \eta_0 s_0^2/2)$ for $\mathcal{M}_i, i = 1, 2, 3$, and $\nu = 4.46$ for \mathcal{M}_3 . The hyperparameters b_0, B_0, a and b are obtained such that, *a priori*, $E(\beta|\mathcal{M}_i) = (-70, 600)'$, $V(\beta|\mathcal{M}_i) = 10000I_2$, $E(\sigma^2|\mathcal{M}_i) = 3750$ and $V(\sigma^2|\mathcal{M}_i) = 1562500$, for $i = 1, 2, 3$.

- a) Compute Bayes factors B_{12}, B_{13} and B_{23} .
- b) Draw $p(y_{new}|x_{new} = 800, x, y, \mathcal{M}_i)$ for $i = 1, 2, 3$.
- c) Draw $p(y_{new}|x_{new} = 800, x, y)$.
- d) Compute the $DIC(\mathcal{M}_i)$, for $i = 1, 2, 3$.

Note:

- 1) Recall that $B_{ij} = p(y|x, \mathcal{M}_i)/p(y|x, \mathcal{M}_j)$.
- 2) In a) $p(y|x, \mathcal{M}_1)$ has to be derived analytically.
- 3) In b) $p(y_{new}|x_{new} = 800, x, y, \mathcal{M}_1)$ has to be derived analytically.